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/**
 * -----
 * Example sketch/program showing how to read data from more than one PICC to serial.
 * -----
 * This is a MFRC522 library example; for further details and other examples see:
https://github.com/miguelbalboa/rfid
 *
 * Example sketch/program showing how to read data from more than one PICC (that is: a RFID
Tag or Card) using a
 * MFRC522 based RFID Reader on the Arduino SPI interface.
 *
 * Warning: This may not work! Multiple devices at one SPI are difficult and cause many trouble!!
Engineering skill
 * and knowledge are required!
 *
 * @license Released into the public domain.
 *
 * Typical pin layout used:
 * -----
 *          MFRC522  Arduino  Arduino  Arduino  Arduino  Arduino
 *          Reader/PCD Uno/101  Mega     Nano v3   Leonardo/Micro Pro Micro
 * Signal   Pin     Pin     Pin     Pin     Pin     Pin
 * -----
 * RST/Reset RST      9       5       D9       RESET/ICSP-5 RST
 * SPI SS 1  SDA(SS)  ** custom, take a unused pin, only HIGH/LOW required **
 * SPI SS 2  SDA(SS)  ** custom, take a unused pin, only HIGH/LOW required **
 * SPI MOSI  MOSI     11 / ICSP-4 51      D11      ICSP-4      16
 * SPI MISO  MISO     12 / ICSP-1 50      D12      ICSP-1      14
 * SPI SCK   SCK      13 / ICSP-3 52      D13      ICSP-3      15
 *
 */

#include <SPI.h>
#include <MFRC522.h>
#include "ssd1306.h"
#include "nano_gfx.h"

#define RST_PIN    9      // Configurable, see typical pin layout above
#define SS_PIN    10     // Configurable, take a unused pin, only HIGH/LOW required, must be
different to SS 2

MFRC522 mfrc522(SS_PIN, RST_PIN); // Create MFRC522 instance.
byte readCard[4]; // Stores scanned ID read from RFID Module
bool initrfid=true;

double cpt=0;
double cptmax=500;
double retry =0;

/**
 * Initialize.
 */

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void setup() {

  Serial.begin(9600); // Initialize serial communications with the PC
  while (!Serial); // Do nothing if no serial port is opened (added for Arduinos based on
ATMEGA32U4)
  SPI.begin(); // Init SPI bus
  Serial.println("Liste des commandes");
  Serial.println ("init[Nouvelle ligne] : affiche les informations firmwares");
  ssd1306_setFixedFont(ssd1306xled_font6x8);
  ssd1306_128x64_i2c_init();
  ssd1306_setFixedFont(ssd1306xled_font6x8);
  ssd1306_clearScreen();
  ssd1306_printFixed(0, 0, "Testeur RFID ", STYLE_NORMAL);
  delay(2000);
}

/**
 * Main loop.
 */
void loop() {
if (initrfid==true)
{
  initrfid=false;
  mfrc522.PCD_Init(SS_PIN, RST_PIN); // Init each MFRC522 card
  // mfrc522.PCD_DumpVersionToSerial();
  ShowReaderDetails();
} //endif initrfid==true

//lecture de l'uid du Tag RFID
getID();

// boucle de lecture du firmware
// une lecture toutes les 10 secondes
cpt++;
if (cpt>=cptmax)
{
  Serial.println(cpt);
  ShowReaderDetails();
  cpt=0;
}

}

/*****
 * Fonctions
 */

uint8_t getID() {
  // Getting ready for Reading PICCs
  if ( ! mfrc522.PICC_IsNewCardPresent()) { //If a new PICC placed to RFID reader continue
    return 0;
  }
}

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if ( ! mfrc522.PICC_ReadCardSerial() ) { //Since a PICC placed get Serial and continue
    return 0;
}
// There are Mifare PICCs which have 4 byte or 7 byte UID care if you use 7 byte PICC
// I think we should assume every PICC as they have 4 byte UID
// Until we support 7 byte PICCs
Serial.println(F("Scanned PICC's UID:"));
for ( uint8_t i = 0; i < 4; i++) { //
    readCard[i] = mfrc522.uid.uidByte[i];
    //Serial.print(readCard[i], HEX);
}
Serial.println(" ");
//convertir la chaine de Byte en HEXA
char str[12] = "";
array_to_string(readCard, 4, str);
Serial.println(str);
ssd1306_printFixed(15, 48,"    ", STYLE_NORMAL);
ssd1306_printFixed(15, 56,str , STYLE_NORMAL);
Serial.println("");
mfrc522.PICC_HaltA(); // Stop reading
return 1;
}

```

/\*\*\*\* Lecture du firmware \*\*\*\*/

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void ShowReaderDetails() {
    // Get the MFRC522 software version
    byte v = mfrc522.PCD_ReadRegister(mfrc522.VersionReg);
    Serial.println(F("MFRC522 Software"));
    Serial.print(F("Version: 0x"));
    Serial.print(v, HEX);
    char buffer[7]; //the ASCII of the integer will be stored in this char array
    itoa(retry,buffer,10); //(integer, yourBuffer, base)
    retry++;
    ssd1306_printFixed(0, 8," Lecture numero : ", STYLE_NORMAL);
    ssd1306_printFixed(0, 16,buffer , STYLE_NORMAL);
    ssd1306_printFixed(0, 24, "MFRC522 : ", STYLE_NORMAL);
    ssd1306_printFixed(0, 32, "Version: ", STYLE_NORMAL);
    if (v == 0x91)
    {
        Serial.println(F(" = v1.0"));
        ssd1306_printFixed(0, 40, " v1.0", STYLE_NORMAL);
    }
    else if (v == 0x92)
    {
        Serial.println(F(" = v2.0"));
        ssd1306_printFixed(0, 40, " v2.0", STYLE_NORMAL);
    }
    else
    {
        Serial.print(F(" (unknown),probably a chinese clone?"));
        ssd1306_printFixed(0, 40, " unknown", STYLE_NORMAL);
        Serial.println("");
    }
}

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// When 0x00 or 0xFF is returned, communication probably failed
if ((v == 0x00) || (v == 0xFF))
{
    Serial.println(F("WARNING: Communication failure, is the MFRC522 properly
connected?"));
    Serial.println(F("SYSTEM HALTED: Check connections."));
    ssd1306_printFixed(0, 40, " Comm Failure", STYLE_NORMAL);
    while (true); // do not go further
} //end if ((v == 0x00) || (v == 0xFF))
} //end else
}

/** conversion Byte[] en chaine de caracteres */
void array_to_string(byte array[], unsigned int len, char buffer[])
{
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < len; i++)
    {
        byte nib1 = (array[i] >> 4) & 0x0F;
        byte nib2 = (array[i] >> 0) & 0x0F;
        buffer[i*2+0] = nib1 < 0xA ? '0' + nib1 : 'A' + nib1 - 0xA;
        buffer[i*2+1] = nib2 < 0xA ? '0' + nib2 : 'A' + nib2 - 0xA;
    }
    buffer[len*2] = '\0';
}

```